



Green  
Transition  
Office

# Activities of the Green Transition Office for 2025



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## Dear colleagues,

2025 was a time for Ukraine to simultaneously protect its land and build its future. For the Green Transition Office, it was a year of intensive work, new partnerships and tangible results.

This work did not take place in isolation. Cooperation with international partners has expanded and deepened. We joined the International Network of Climate Councils, which unites 25 countries, and together we created the guide "How to Set Up a Climate Council", which was presented in London during the Climate Action Week. At the same time, we signed memoranda with the Stockholm Environment Institute and established cooperation with the European Environment Agency in Copenhagen.

These partnerships allowed us to bring discussions on linking climate governance in Ukraine, supporting the attraction of sustainable investments to Ukraine, and the practical implementation of the National Energy and Climate Plan to the international level. Together with our colleagues from the Ministry of Economy, Environmental Protection and Agriculture and the DiXi Group NGO, we presented it in the capitals of three countries – London, Stockholm and Rome. These meetings allowed us to launch a concrete dialogue on investments in Ukraine's green transformation within the NECP. And at COP30 in Brazil, we organised two panels at the Ukrainian pavilion, where we discussed Ukraine's climate policy, the role of the NECP and the approach to building national carbon budgets together with the UK Climate Change Council, the EBRD and the European Commission.

A strong analytical base was needed to make informed policy discussions. Over the year, the team completed nine studies, ranging from the decarbonisation of the agricultural and cement sectors to business readiness to implement ESG and climate finance opportunities. These studies became the basis for subsequent policy decisions and recommendations of the Government.

One of the practical embodiments of this work was the Green Platform, the first digital catalogue of green finance programmes in Ukraine, created on the basis of the Made in Ukraine initiative. By the end of the year, the platform had more than 100 programmes, making it easier to find support for sustainable projects. Made in Ukraine is a government policy launched by the President of Ukraine to attract investment for the development of Ukrainian producers, increase production of high value-added products and stimulate demand for Ukrainian goods.

In the area of ESG, we continue to build an integrated ecosystem to support businesses. We created an online calculator to check whether a company is subject to CSRD requirements. Together with KSE Business School, we launched the ESG Leadership programme.

We prepared five analytical documents that provide businesses, banks and regulators with practical guidance on CSRD requirements, changes in ESRS standards and Ukraine's readiness to implement ESG reporting.

International conference "Responsible Business for Ukraine's Recovery", which we prepared jointly with UNDP, Yaroslav Mudryi National Law University and NGO "Social Action Centre", with the participation of the European Commission, OECD, EBRD, European Investment Bank, Norad, Danish Institute for Human Rights, Raoul Wallenberg Institute, Swedwatch, Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence on Corporate Sustainability and Human Rights Law (Wageningen University), resulted in the Declaration on Responsible Investment.

An important step was the signing of a memorandum with the National Association of Banks of Ukraine, which helped to integrate ESG principles into the financial sector in a systemic way. At the same time, we were working on proposals to EFRAG, the European organisation that develops reporting standards, to adapt them for countries in transition.

Climate criteria have now become part of the way the state evaluates public investments, thanks to our participation in the development of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine Resolution No. 527 dated February 28, 2025 "Some Issues of Public Investment Management" and the relevant methodological recommendations of the Ministry of Economy for the preparation of public investment projects.

Over the year, we held 10 events with more than 2,400 registered participants and received 257 mentions in leading Ukrainian and international media with a total audience reach of more than 267 million.

All this is a team effort. We thank the Ministry of Economy, Environment and Agriculture, the National Bank of Ukraine, the Ministry of Finance of Ukraine and other stakeholders for their trust. The UK's Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office – for its support. DiXi Group team – for their professionalism. Our international partners – the Stockholm Environment Institute, the European Environment Agency, the International Network of Climate Councils, the UK Climate Change Council – for sharing their experience and working together.

**Andrii Kitura**



**Head of the  
Green Transition Office**

**Olena Pavlenko**



**President of  
DiXi Group**

# 1. National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP)

In 2025, the work on the National Energy and Climate Plan reached a new level – from a national document to a tool for international investment dialogue. The preparation of the first integrated report on the progress in implementing the NECP was a major challenge for Ukrainian experts. While EU countries usually have a two-year reporting cycle, Ukraine managed to prepare a comprehensive document in just four months, in line with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999. The Office’s experts held dozens of interagency meetings, ensuring coordination between key ministries and agencies, and conducted a comprehensive assessment of the progress of the implementation of 144 NECP policies and measures.

On April 16, the Office presented the key findings of the first integrated report at a meeting of the High Level Advisory Group. It is estimated that around \$40 billion of investment in six key areas is needed to achieve the NECP’s goals by 2030. This figure became the starting point for a series of international roadshows that opened a dialogue with British, Swedish and Italian capital.

A series of international presentations by NECP in London and Stockholm as part of Ukraine’s Energy and Climate Investment Roadshow, in Rome at the Ukraine Recovery Conference 2025 and in Milan before the URC allowed us to present investment opportunities to more than 50 British companies, Swedish investors and Italian businesses. In Stockholm, the parties agreed to expand insurance coverage for Ukrainian-Swedish projects.

The creation of the Interagency Working Group to monitor the implementation of the NECP was the start of a professional dialogue between all agencies responsible for implementing the Plan. The key decision was to develop a unified online monitoring system for the NECP progress based on the Ministry of Economy, similar to the Ukraine Facility, which should significantly improve coordination and accountability in meeting climate and energy goals. By the end of 2025, the Office’s team decomposed the NECP policies and measures and agreed them with key stakeholders in the Government.



*The Ukrainian delegation in Milan showcased the potential of green energy*



*Presentation of investment projects in Stockholm*

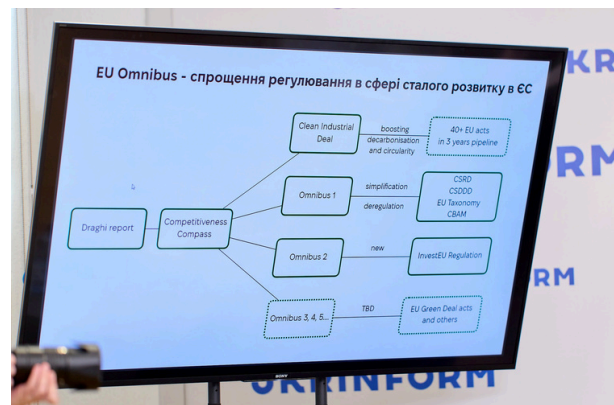


*Meeting of the IWG on NECP Monitoring*

## 2. ESG AND RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS

In March, the Green Transition Office presented the first representative sociological survey of Ukrainian business readiness to implement ESG. Companies are generally positive about the prospect of mandatory requirements, but acknowledge the lack of a legislative framework, clear instructions and specialists. To help businesses take at least the first step, the study was accompanied by a practical tool to check whether a company is subject to the requirements of the EU CSRD and ESRS standards.

While the business was figuring out its own readiness, the regulatory environment was already changing. In February 2025, the European Commission made proposals to simplify ESG regulation, and in February 2026, the EU Council finally adopted the Omnibus I package, which significantly narrowed the range of companies with mandatory reporting. The Office quickly analysed the changes and calculated: depending on the scenario, the requirements would apply to 330 to 3,000 Ukrainian companies. This analysis appeared quickly and with specific figures for a reason: Oleksii Yatsiuk, an expert of the Office, is the only representative of Ukraine in the IFRS Sustainability Reporting Group and was involved in the discussion of Omnibus directly at the international level within the working group at EFRAG.



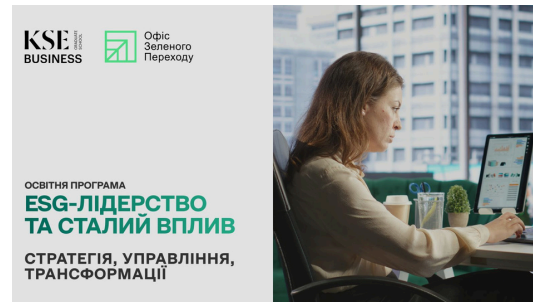
Oleksii Yatsiuk, an ESG expert at the Green Transition Office, presented a comprehensive analysis of European sustainability reporting standards and the readiness of Ukrainian businesses for their implementation.



Oleksii Yatsiuk, ESG expert at the Green Transition Office, outlines plans for adapting European standards and highlights how prepared Ukrainian businesses currently are for the new requirements.

## ESG AND RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS

The research clearly showed that businesses need knowledge, guidance and people who can implement it. The answer was the ESG Leadership certification programme, the first comprehensive educational programme in Ukraine developed by the Green Transition Office in cooperation with KSE Graduate Business School. Four months, 12 modules, real-life cases, and a final project defence, covering topics ranging from climate policy to corporate governance and reporting according to international standards.



Presentation of the first "ESG-Leadership" certification program in Ukraine

At the same time, the Office continued to build its evidence base. In June, it released a study of non-financial reporting practices of 30 leading EU and UK companies for 2022-2024 with specific recommendations for Ukrainian businesses. In September, a separate analysis of changes in EU ESG regulation in the context of Omnibus I was published.

In October, the Office became one of the organisers of the International Conference on Responsible Business, where the Ministry of Economy, Environment and Agriculture together with UNDP presented the Declaration on Responsible Investment for Sustainable Recovery of Ukraine. At the same time, we signed a Memorandum with the National Association of Banks of Ukraine for the systematic integration of ESG principles into the banking sector. At the international level, we submitted proposals to EFRAG to adapt European reporting standards to the needs of transition economies.



# 3. GREEN FINANCE AND THE GREEN PLATFORM

In 2025, the Green Transition Office, together with the Ministry of Economy and DiXi Group, implemented a large-scale project to create the Green Platform, Ukraine's first digital catalogue of green finance programmes based on Made in Ukraine.

The main goal of the platform is to facilitate matching of those in need of financing and those who can offer it, as well as to bridge the information gap between businesses, communities, banks and international partners.

On 10-11 July, at the Ukraine Recovery Conference 2025 in Rome, the Office, together with the Ministry of Economy, presented the Green Platform to the international community. As of July, more than 60 funding sources had been identified and integrated into the platform's structure.

By the end of the year, the Green Platform reached an important milestone by collecting more than 100 relevant green finance programmes. The platform aggregates information on financing opportunities through international and Ukrainian banks, donor organisations, state funds and European support instruments. The catalogue is constantly updated and supplemented with new programmes from financial partners, becoming an opportunity for them to promote their programmes and accelerate Ukraine's green transformation.



In March, the Office published an English-language study of the green finance landscape, which analysed investment opportunities for the green transformation of the Ukrainian economy in the context of the COP29 decisions in Baku.



In May, the study “Sources of Green Finance: Ukraine Investment Framework” was presented, analysing the approaches of international financial institutions to green finance in Ukraine and showing that IFIs have defined environmental policies with strategic goals to increase the share of green investments.



## 4. EU TAXONOMY: INTEGRATION INTO PUBLIC INVESTMENT

The Office is systematically working on the implementation of the EU Taxonomy in Ukraine, as it will create uniform and clear rules for banks and IFIs, businesses and communities. The need to implement the Taxonomy is driven by the Strategy for Recovery, Sustainable Development and Digital Transformation of Small and Medium Enterprises until 2027 and Ukraine's European integration commitments, in particular, negotiated Title 9 – Financial Services. That is why our team worked in several areas at once.

In March, we published an application guide on how to use the EU Taxonomy to attract sustainable finance. It shows how the Taxonomy can become a tool for post-war recovery by expanding access to targeted funding from international financial institutions and donors. The readiness of Ukrainian legislation for the implementation of the Taxonomy was analysed, identifying strategic documents that directly or indirectly require its implementation and regulations that need to be amended.

The results of this work are gradually being integrated into government policy and legislation. Climate criteria are now part of the way the state evaluates public investments, thanks to our participation in the development of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine Resolution No. 527 dated February 28, 2025 "Some Issues of Public Investment Management".



*Dmytro Sych, Senior Green Transition Expert at DiXi Group NGO and Green Finance Expert at the Green Transition Office, speaks about the implementation of the EU Taxonomy in Ukraine.*

## EU TAXONOMY: INTEGRATION INTO PUBLIC INVESTMENT

To enhance stakeholder capacities, we developed and approved the Order of the Ministry of Economy, Environment and Agriculture of Ukraine No. 353 dated 28.08.2025.

Methodological recommendations for analysing the environmental consequences and impact of a public investment project on the environment.

A number of workshops on climate and environmental aspects of public investment management were also held for community representatives and experts of central executive authorities.

These activities allowed us to meet the indicators of the World Bank's SURGE grant programme. As a result, Ukraine's budget received additional funding of \$96 million.

28 серпня 2025 року

№ 353

Київ

Про затвердження Методичних рекомендацій щодо проведення аналізу екологічних наслідків та впливу реалізації публічного інвестиційного проєкту на навколишнє природне середовище та аналізу дотримання вимог щодо інклюзивності та безбар'єрності, а також щодо відповідності Цілям сталого розвитку під час підготовки публічного інвестиційного проєкту на державному, регіональному та місцевому рівні

On 16 October, the event "EU Taxonomy Changes the Rules of the Game: Ukraine Transforms its Public Investment System" was held with the participation of representatives of the World Bank, the European Commission, the Ministry of Economy and the Ministry of Communities and Territories Development to discuss the next steps with key stakeholders.

At the same time, the team worked on the development of framework and secondary legislation for the implementation of the Taxonomy, delegated acts and technical criteria. In 2026, we plan to move on to public discussions of the draft regulations and the next steps for their approval.



*Dmytro Sych, Senior Green Transition Expert at DiXi Group NGO and Green Finance Expert at the Green Transition Office, speaks about the readiness of Ukrainian legislation for the implementation of the EU Taxonomy.*

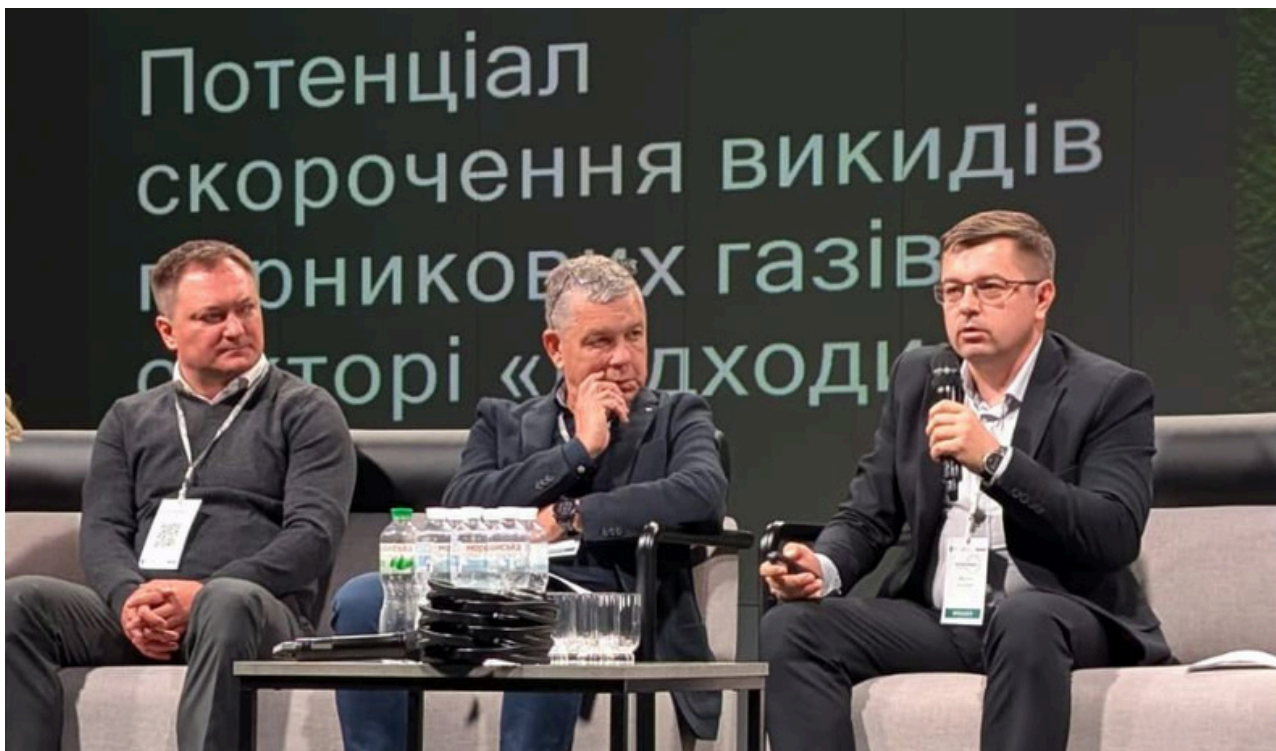
## 5. DECARBONISATION OF THE ECONOMY

Decarbonisation means attracting tens of billions of dollars in investment. For these funds to materialise, the government needs a clear vision of how each sector will be transformed. The Office team helps shape this vision through sector-specific research. In 2025, the focus was placed on two sectors critical to Ukraine's recovery – agriculture and cement production.

The study on the role of the agricultural sector in achieving climate neutrality demonstrated that a sector responsible for 26% of the country's total greenhouse gas emissions has a cumulative reduction potential of 39 million tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent. The largest contributions could come from the energy use of crop residues (15.1 million tonnes), increasing organic carbon content in soils (20.9 million tonnes), and reducing emissions directly from agricultural activities (3.0 million tonnes). Importantly, a significant share of these measures is already economically viable even without additional support instruments.

For the cement industry – one of the most carbon-intensive sectors in manufacturing – the Office developed a comprehensive techno-economic model enabling the assessment, for each decarbonisation measure, of greenhouse gas emission reduction potential, techno-economic indicators, and investment attractiveness metrics, including simple and discounted payback periods, NPV, and IRR.

The modelling covers measures such as the use of various alternative and renewable fuels in the fuel mix, substitution of part of the raw materials with non-carbonate materials, waste heat recovery for electricity generation, carbon capture, utilisation and storage (CCUS) for both dry- and wet-process clinker production technologies, as well as modernisation involving the transition of clinker production from wet-process to dry-process technology.



*Mykola Shlapak, Climate Change and Climate Policy Expert at the Green Transition Office, during the ReThink Waste Forum in Lviv.*

## 6. CLIMATE GOVERNANCE

Throughout 2025, the team of the Green Transition Office worked on developing a comprehensive system to strengthen climate governance and improve the quality of state climate policy. Our work is based on several key elements, namely:

Strengthening Government Capacity and Enhancing Coordination Between Ministries and Stakeholders. In 2025, with the support of the Office team, a dedicated unit was established within the Ministry of Economy to oversee the implementation of the NECP.

In addition, a separate interagency working group on monitoring the implementation of the NECP was established, bringing together key stakeholders across the Government of Ukraine.

Furthermore, thanks to the support of the Energy Community Secretariat, additional expert assistance was secured for the Ministry of Economy team. The team was reinforced by two experts supporting the development and implementation of public policy in line with the provisions of the NECP.

Information Collection System and Monitoring of National Energy and Climate Plan Implementation Progress.

During the first meeting of the interagency working group on monitoring the implementation of the NECP, held on 3 July under the chairmanship of the First Deputy Prime Minister, a decision was adopted to establish an online NECP monitoring system by the end of 2025, modelled on the Ukraine Facility monitoring system, which is expected to significantly improve coordination among all responsible authorities.

Such a system will enable the coordination and tracking of progress in implementing all 144 NECP policies, including all climate-related policies.

The Office team prepared a draft Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers on climate policy monitoring based on tracking the implementation of the NECP.

The system will ensure transparent reporting at several levels: annual reports to the Government, biennial reporting to EU partners and the UNFCCC, and annual assessments by the Scientific and Expert Council on Climate Change and Ozone Layer Protection.

The Green Transition Office continued to actively participate in the work of the International Climate Councils Network (ICCN), including participation in working groups on climate change mitigation and adaptation to the impacts of climate change.

In addition, we continued to build bilateral cooperation with the UK Climate Change Committee and the Swedish Climate Policy Council, which acted as mentors to the Green Transition Office within the framework of the International Climate Councils Network. Our team regularly exchanged experience with leading climate councils, strengthened internal capacity, and shared the results of its work.

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The Green Transition Office team is working on the development of a national carbon budget – an effective instrument for state planning and setting greenhouse gas emission reduction targets across sectors in order to achieve climate neutrality by 2050.

## CLIMATE GOVERNANCE

The Green Transition Office prepared sectoral decarbonisation potential studies for agriculture and the cement industry, and also worked on studies for the waste and wastewater management sector and the metallurgy sector.

The first results and the overall approach to developing the national carbon budget were presented at the COP30 climate conference with the participation of representatives of the United Kingdom Climate Change Committee and other experts and partners.



The Green Transition Office launched cooperation with the Stockholm Environment Institute (SEI) to strengthen work on sectoral decarbonisation potential studies, including economic modelling and the coverage of additional sectors.

The national carbon budget will consolidate the results of sectoral studies and make it possible to assess the costs of decarbonisation measures and policies, while proposing to the Government an optimal package of policies for achieving climate targets.

The development of such an instrument will require time and detailed analysis across all sectors; however, it will ultimately enable climate policy to be built on the basis of data and up-to-date information regarding the cost and availability of technologies and financial resources.

At COP30 in Belém, the Deputy Minister of Economy, Environment and Agriculture of Ukraine announced plans to establish a new advisory body – the Scientific and Expert Council on Climate Change and Ozone Layer Protection.

The Green Transition Office is expected to perform the functions of the secretariat – an institutional strengthening perspective that recognises the team’s year-round work in supporting the state’s climate policy. The team is actively preparing for this potential role by further developing its expert capacity and international partnerships.

## 7. RESEARCH AND ANALYTICS

In 2025, the Green Transition Office implemented an extensive research programme, completing nine comprehensive studies that became the foundation for policy decisions and recommendations in the field of the green transformation of the Ukrainian economy.

### EU Taxonomy

The Practical Guide to Using the EU Taxonomy for Attracting Sustainable Finance (March 2025) serves as a practical tool for Ukrainian project owners, helping them effectively apply the provisions of the EU Taxonomy to attract international financing.

The guide highlights that the Taxonomy is a universal instrument capable of presenting an investment project as aligned with climate and environmental sustainability principles, thereby creating additional opportunities to expand access to targeted financing from international financial institutions and donors.



The Study “Implementation of the EU Taxonomy: Overview of the Readiness of Ukraine’s National Legislation” (March 2025) analysed the prerequisites for implementing the EU Taxonomy in the context of Ukraine’s future accession to the EU and its national commitments under the Paris Agreement.

The study identified strategic documents that directly or indirectly require the implementation of the Taxonomy and determined the regulations that would need to be amended. It emphasised that the full implementation of the EU Taxonomy will be a cross-sectoral and long-term process requiring the involvement of relevant ministries and financial regulators.



## RESEARCH AND ANALYTICS

### Green Finance

The [English-Language Study on the Green Finance Landscape in Ukraine \(March 2025\)](#) analysed investment opportunities for the green transformation of the Ukrainian economy in the context of the decisions adopted at COP29 in Baku, where the international community reached an agreement to provide up to \$300 billion annually by 2035.

The study argues that Ukraine has the potential to become one of Europe's centres for green investment and presents opportunities for international partners and investors.



### Exploring the Green Finance landscape in Ukraine: Analysis of the Investment opportunities



The Study [“Sources of Green Finance:Ukraine Investment Framework”](#) (May 2025) analysed the approaches of international financial institutions participating in the Ukraine Investment Framework towards green financing in Ukraine.

The analysis demonstrated the proactive role of IFIs in the field of green finance, with clearly defined environmental policies and strategic objectives aimed at increasing the share of green investments.

The study also identified the need to improve the accessibility of information for potential project initiators and recommended the development of a centralised government platform providing detailed information on application procedures.

### Джерела Зеленого Фінансування:

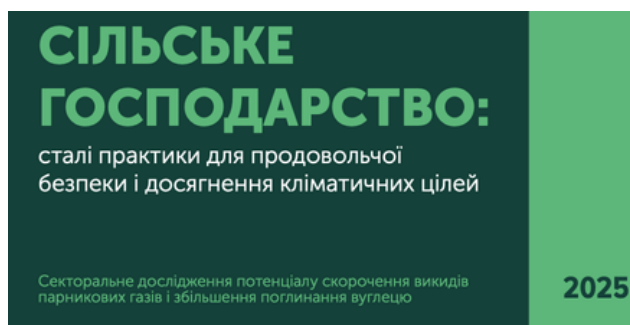
Ukraine Investment Framework

## RESEARCH AND ANALYTICS

### Decarbonisation of the Economy

The sectoral study “The Role of the Agricultural Sector in Achieving Climate Neutrality” (June 2025) assessed the potential for greenhouse gas emission reductions and increased carbon sequestration in Ukrainian agriculture by 2030.

The study identified 22 key technologies and practices with the greatest potential for reducing emissions and analysed the investments and costs required for the implementation of each technology. The results became a valuable tool for the Ministry of Agrarian Policy and international partners in determining financing priorities for green initiatives in the agricultural sector.



The Study on the Decarbonisation Potential of Ukraine’s Cement Industry presented the results of techno-economic modelling of decarbonisation measures for both dry- and wet-process cement clinker production technologies. As one of the most carbon-intensive industrial sectors, the cement industry faces significant challenges amid tightening carbon regulation.

One of the key objectives of the study was therefore to assess both the potential volumes of greenhouse gas emission reductions and the costs and investment attractiveness indicators of decarbonisation measures.

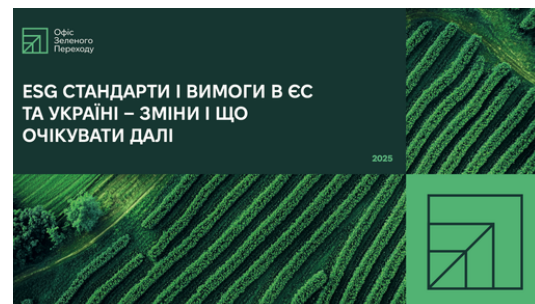
## RESEARCH AND ANALYTICS

### ESG and Corporate Reporting

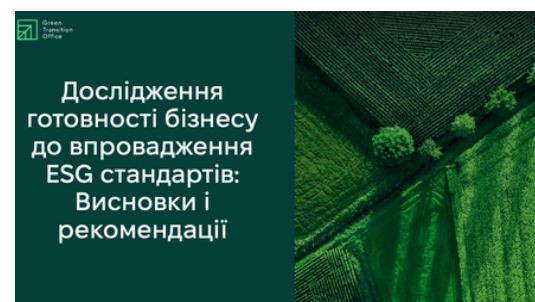
The Study “ESG Reporting: Analysis of Disclosure Practices” (June 2025) presented the results of an assessment of non-financial reporting practices among 30 leading companies in the EU and the United Kingdom during 2022–2024. The study identified significant qualitative shifts in approaches to sustainability disclosure, including the transformation of reporting structures in line with CSRD/ESRS requirements, and provided valuable recommendations for Ukrainian businesses in preparing for national sustainability reporting requirements.



The Analytical Study “ESG Standards and Requirements in the EU and Ukraine: Changes and What to Expect Next” (September 2025) analysed the European Commission’s Omnibus I package of amendments aimed at reducing compliance costs for businesses while preserving the objectives of the Green Deal. According to the Office’s estimates, mandatory sustainability reporting requirements would apply to approximately 3,000 Ukrainian companies under the current version of the CSRD, or could decrease to around 330 companies depending on the EU’s final decision. The draft ESRS 2025 standards significantly simplify reporting requirements, reducing the number of disclosure requirements by 68% compared with the 2023 version.



The Study on Business Readiness for the Implementation of ESG Standards (October 2025) became the first comprehensive analysis of the readiness of Ukrainian businesses to comply with new corporate sustainability reporting requirements, based on a survey of more than 500 company executives across all sectors and company sizes. The findings demonstrated an optimistic attitude among companies regarding the possibility of implementing mandatory ESG standards within a short timeframe. At the same time, they revealed the need for systematic support, including the development of sustainability-related knowledge, the provision of clear guidance, the adoption of transparent legislation, and the creation of conditions for the professional development of ESG specialists.



**All studies are open-access products and are available for use by interested stakeholders.**

## 8. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND GLOBAL INITIATIVES

The Office's team co-authored the global guide "How to Set Up a Climate Council", presented during the London Climate Action Week, June 23-27, 2025.

Participation in the ICCN allows us to exchange experience with leading climate councils in Europe and the world in developing climate policy and ways to achieve climate neutrality.



On July 2, the Ministry of Economy and the Stockholm Environment Institute signed a strategic memorandum of cooperation for three years. The document envisages joint research, modelling of reform scenarios, development of joint projects, and engagement of SEI's technical support.

The Green Transition Office will implement the agreements, including research on decarbonisation potential, development of a national carbon budget, stakeholder training, and alignment of Ukraine's financial system with the EU Taxonomy.



On 21-23 October, the Green Transition Office, together with the Energy Community Secretariat, organised a study visit of the Ukrainian delegation to Copenhagen.

The event was hosted by the European Environment Agency and aimed at strengthening Ukraine's capacity in climate and energy reporting in accordance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999.

Following the meeting, the EEA and the Ukrainian side agreed on further cooperation, which includes training, data exchange and the development of joint analytical initiatives.



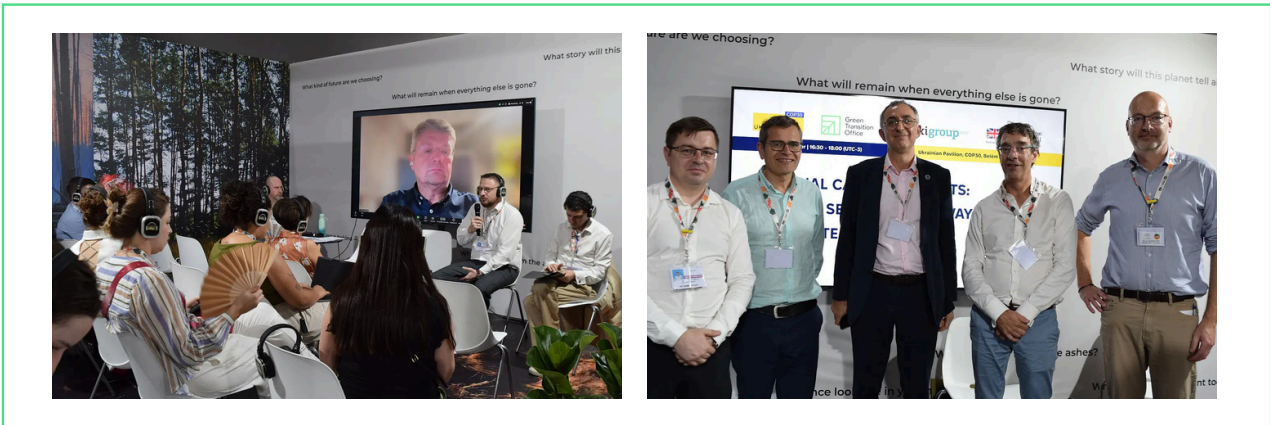
## INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND GLOBAL INITIATIVES

Representatives of the Office took an active part in the Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC – COP30 in November 2025 in Belém, Brazil. In particular, two key panel discussions were organised at the Ukrainian Pavilion.

On 12 November, a panel on climate governance was held to discuss building effective climate governance to integrate climate aspects into the post-war recovery process.

On 14 November, a panel on national carbon budgets with the participation of the UK Climate Change Council, the EBRD and the European Commission presented the Ukrainian approach to developing a national carbon budget and sectoral decarbonisation studies.

The Office provided strategic and expert support to the government in the process of European integration – helping the Ministry of Energy, the Ministry of Environment and the Ministry of Economy prepare for negotiations on key sections of the EU acquis in the areas of energy, environment and climate.



Representatives of the Office took an active part in the COP30 UN Climate Change Conference in November 2025 in Belém, Brazil.

## 9. OUR PARTNERS

The Green Transition Office actively develops partnerships with Ukrainian and international organisations aimed at strengthening climate policy and supporting the green transformation of Ukraine's economy.

### National Partners

Among the national partners, a special role is played by the National Association of Banks of Ukraine, with which a Memorandum of Cooperation was signed on 6 February to establish a platform for expanding sustainable finance and implementing ESG principles in the banking sector.

A memorandum on supporting reforms in the fields of green transition and sustainable development was signed with the Federation of Employers of Ukraine, while cooperation with UkraineInvest is aimed at strengthening Ukraine's investment attractiveness in the field of green projects and decarbonisation.



Національна  
асоціація  
банків  
України



ФЕДЕРАЦІЯ  
РОБОТОДАВЦІВ  
УКРАЇНИ

### International Partners

At the international level, a key partner is the Stockholm Environment Institute (SEI), with which a three-year strategic memorandum was signed on 2 July. The partnership envisages joint research, reform scenario modelling, and the development of green transformation projects.

The Office's official accession to the International Climate Councils Network (ICCN) as a full member provides access to the best practices of the world's leading climate councils. The European Environment Agency (EEA) became a partner in delivering training activities, data exchange, and the development of joint analytical initiatives.



INTERNATIONAL  
CLIMATE  
COUNCILS  
NETWORK

## Our partners

### International partners

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**European  
Environment  
Agency**



**Climate  
Change  
Committee**

### Donors and implementers



The Green Transition Office is an independent advisory body under the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine that helps to implement reforms in the field of green transition, energy and climate policy of Ukraine.

The Green Transition Office operates with the financial support of the UK International Development and is implemented by Dixi Group.

## 10. COMMUNICATIONS

Public events became a key instrument for disseminating expertise. The team regularly engaged with audiences by presenting new analytical outputs: as soon as a study or analysis was completed, a public presentation and discussion followed.

Over the course of the year, the Office organised 10 events covering key topics of the green transition, including ESG standards and business readiness, green finance, decarbonisation of the agricultural sector and cement industry, changes in EU regulation, climate governance, and carbon budgets. The year concluded with the presentation of the ESG Leadership certification programme in cooperation with KSE Business School. Overall, the events attracted more than 2,400 registered participants from the business community, banking sector, public authorities, and international organisations.

Media coverage included leading Ukrainian and international outlets. During the year, 257 mentions were recorded, with a combined audience reach exceeding 267 million. Media platforms included Forbes Ukraine, Ekonomichna Pravda, Liga.Business, Delo.ua, Ukrinform, Interfax, Uriadovyi Kurier, Hromadske Radio, European Pravda, Mind.ua, Foreign Policy, and others.



The Office also regularly published content on Facebook and LinkedIn, including analytical materials, expert commentary, and reports from events. Communication activities were conducted with both Ukrainian and international partners, including within the framework of events where the Office was represented, such as URC 2025, COP30 at the Ukrainian Pavilion, London Climate Action Week, working meetings in Brussels, and technical exchanges in Copenhagen.



# 11. PLANS OF THE GREEN TRANSITION OFFICE FOR 2026

In 2026, the Green Transition Office will continue actively working to strengthen Ukraine's climate and energy policy. Among the priority areas is the development of a national carbon budget based on completed sectoral studies covering metallurgy, transport, the chemical industry, and the buildings sector, with its presentation expected within the next two to three years.

The Office will also continue efforts to strengthen climate governance and climate policy more broadly, including through supporting the work of the Scientific and Expert Council on Climate Change and Ozone Layer Protection.

An important task will be coordinating the preparation of the second national integrated progress report on the implementation of the National Energy and Climate Plan by 2027. Plans also include the official launch of the online monitoring system, modelled on the Ukraine Facility framework, and support for updating the NECP to reflect new realities and Ukraine's enhanced ambitions.

In the field of green finance, the Office will continue developing the national Taxonomy of green projects by introducing clear investment assessment criteria, while also expanding the Green Platform together with international partners. Particular attention will be devoted to supporting the Government in implementing the national ESG reporting strategy, creating the necessary regulatory framework, and developing practical tools for Ukrainian companies, including an online emissions calculator for small and medium-sized enterprises.

International cooperation will be further deepened through partnerships with the Stockholm Environment Institute, ICCN, UK CCC, and other organisations, with a particular focus on research into economic decarbonisation.

At the same time, educational activities will be organised for civil servants, businesses, and civil society representatives on climate policy and green standards, including support for integrating environmental competences into higher education standards.

In this way, the Green Transition Office will continue supporting the transformation of the Ukrainian economy, contributing to its sustainable development and integration into the European climate and energy framework.



Green  
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## Our social media channels

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The Green Transition Office is an independent advisory body under the Ministry of Economy of Ukraine that supports the implementation of reforms in the fields of the green transition and Ukraine's energy and climate policy. The Office operates with the financial support of the UK's Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office and is implemented by the DiXi Group NGO.

